

Models of directed algebraic topology

Jean Goubault-Larrecq

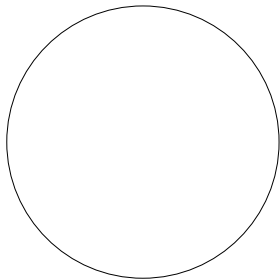
ENS Cachan

Georgia Southern U. — Jan. 21, 2014

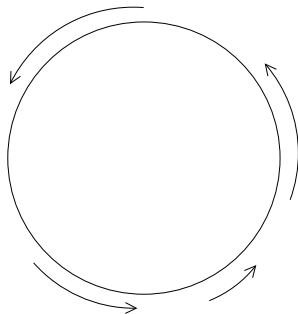
Outline

- 1 Directed algebraic topology
 - Space, plus time
 - Concurrent processes
- 2 Prestreams
 - Prestreams
 - Quotients, colimits, glueing
 - Geometric realization
- 3 Streams
 - The issue with prestreams
 - Streams
 - Stream products
 - Geometric realization
- 4 Conclusion

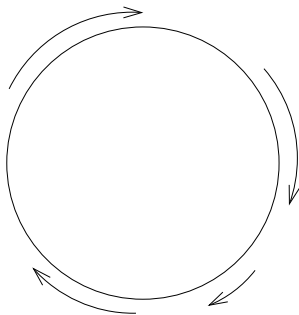
What is this?



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Directed Algebraic Topology

- Originates (mostly) from computer science questions on *concurrent processes* [E. Goubault 95]
- ... interpreted geometrically [E. Dijkstra 68]
- ... also in general relativity (R. Penrose, light cones)

Object of study:

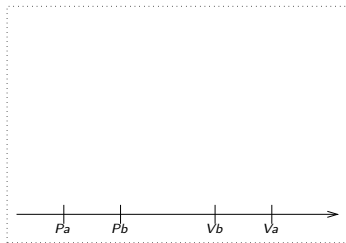
Topological space + notion of **time** (possibly cyclic)

PV Processes

Locks ensure access to resource by *single* process:

- P_a blocks until lock a taken
- V_a releases lock a

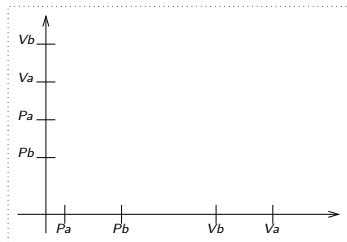
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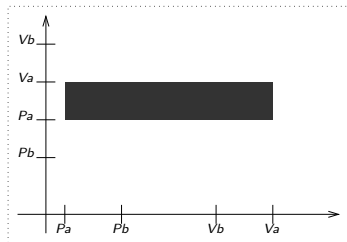


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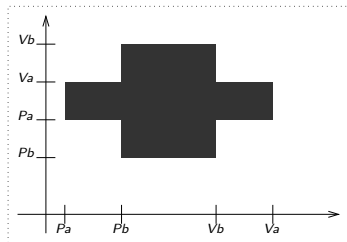


- Process 1: $P_a; P_b; V_b; V_a$
- Process 2: $P_b; P_a; V_a; V_b$
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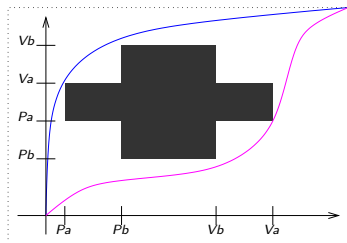


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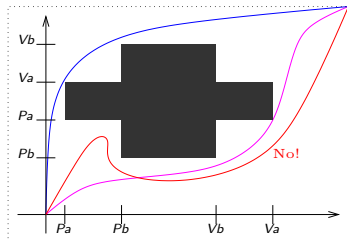


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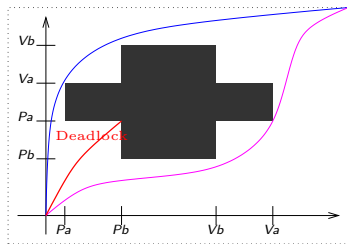


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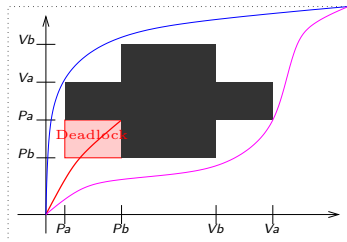


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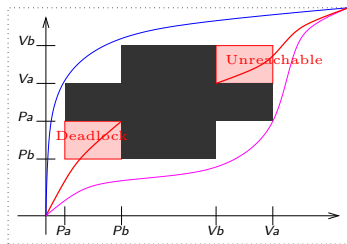


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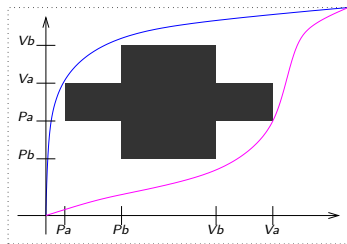


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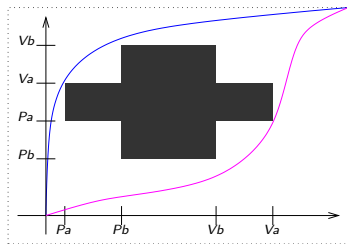


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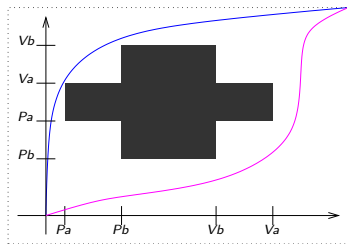


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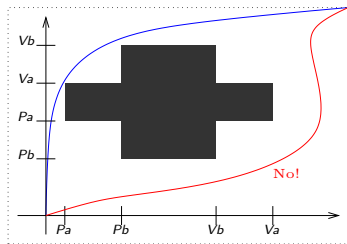


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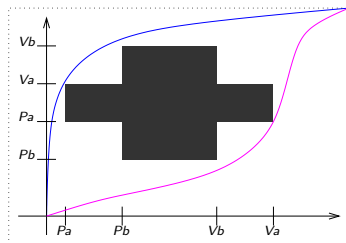
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Dihomotopy \neq Homotopy

Definition

A **dihomotopy** $h: [0, 1]^2 \rightarrow X$ from f to g :

- h continuous
- $h(0, -) = f$, $h(1, -) = g$
- For every t , $h(t, -)$ **dipath**



Note: deformations $h(-, u)$ *not* required to preserve order.

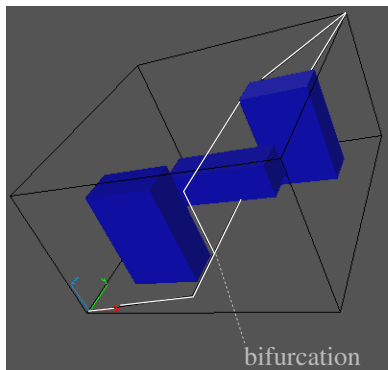
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What is a geometric model of time+space?

- Ordered topological spaces...

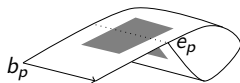
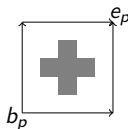
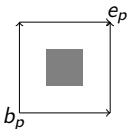
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$$P_a.(V_a.P_a)^*|P_a.V_a$$



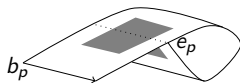
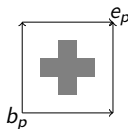
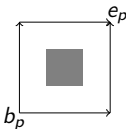
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$$P_a \cdot (V_a \cdot P_a)^* | P_a \cdot V_a$$



- Local pospaces (manifold-like) [Fajstrup, Goubault, Raussen 08] ... do not admit colimits [Haucourt 04]
 - Bad: cannot define meaningful *geometric realization* functor

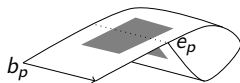
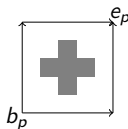
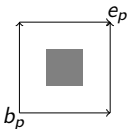
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 - Bad: cannot define meaningful *geometric realization* functor
- Better:
 - d-spaces [Grandis 09]
 - streams** [Krishnan 08]

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Prestreams

A prestream is a topological presheaf of preorders:

Definition (Category **Prestr** of prestreams)

A *prestream* \mathcal{X} = topological space X

+ *precirculation* $(\sqsubseteq_U)_{U \in \mathcal{O}(X)}$:

- \sqsubseteq_U preorder on U
- monotonicity: $U \subseteq V, x \sqsubseteq_U y \Rightarrow x \sqsubseteq_V y$

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Prestream *morphisms* $f: (X, (\sqsubseteq_U)_{U \in \mathcal{O}(X)}) \rightarrow (Y, (\preceq_V)_{V \in \mathcal{O}(Y)})$:

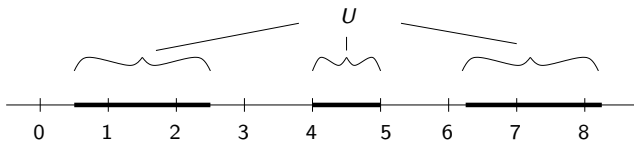
- continuous
- locally monotonic: for each open V of Y ,
 $x \sqsubseteq_{f^{-1}(V)} y \Rightarrow f(x) \preceq_V f(y)$

Paradigmatic examples 1

- *Preordered spaces*: $\sqsubseteq_U = \leq|_U$ for each U

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- *Preordered spaces*: $\sqsubseteq_U = \leq|_U$ for each U
- $\vec{\mathbb{R}}$: $t \sqsubseteq_U^{\mathbb{R}} t'$ iff *whole interval* $[t, t'] \subseteq U$.



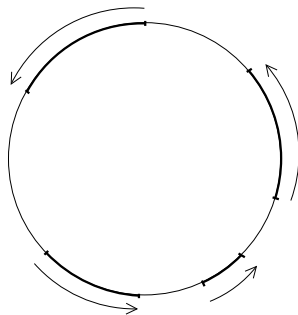
Here, $1 \sqsubseteq_U 2$, but $2 \not\sqsubseteq_U 4.6$
 “Islands of order”

Paradigmatic examples 2: the directed circle

Definition

$$\vec{S}^1 = \vec{\mathbb{R}} / \mathbb{Z}$$

- Quotient by $x \equiv y$ iff $x - y \in \mathbb{Z}$
- **Prestr** is complete and cocomplete, in particular has quotients (see next slide)



Prestream quotients

Theorem

Let $\mathcal{X} = (X, (\sqsubseteq_U)_{U \in \mathcal{O}(X)})$,
 \equiv equivalence relation on X .

There is a
 quotient prestream \mathcal{X}/\equiv :

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 \begin{array}{c} \mathcal{X} \\ \downarrow q_{\equiv} \\ \mathcal{X}/\equiv \end{array} &
 \begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathcal{X} & \xrightarrow{f} & \mathcal{Z} \\
 \downarrow q_{\equiv} & \nearrow f_{\equiv} & \\
 \mathcal{X}/\equiv & &
 \end{array} \\
 & \text{(if } f \text{ compatible with } \equiv)
 \end{array}$$

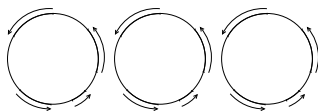
Proof. Build
 topological quotient X/\equiv ,
 quotient map $q_{\equiv}(x) = [x]$,
 and precirculation:

$$\begin{array}{c}
 [y] \\
 \sqcup \uparrow^U \\
 [x]
 \end{array}
 \iff
 \begin{array}{c}
 x'_n \equiv y \\
 \sqcup \uparrow^U \\
 \dots \equiv x_{n-1} \\
 \\
 x'_1 \equiv \\
 \sqcup \uparrow^U \\
 x'_0 \equiv x_1 \\
 \sqcup \uparrow^U \\
 x \equiv x_0
 \end{array}$$

Colimits, glueing

Fact: coproducts $\coprod_{i \in I} \mathcal{X}_i$ exist.

Ex: coproduct of three copies of \vec{S}^1 :



Theorem (Colimits)

Prestr is cocomplete (has all colimits).

Proof. (standard) Colimit of diagram $(\mathcal{X}_i \xrightarrow{f_{ij}} \mathcal{X}_j)_{i,j}$:

- Build big coproduct $\coprod_i \mathcal{X}_i$
- **Glue** every $x_i \in \mathcal{X}_i$ with $f_{ij}(x_i) \in \mathcal{X}_j$, i.e.
build quotient by smallest equivalence relation \equiv
such that $x_i \equiv f_{ij}(x_i)$

Cubical sets

Cubical sets will replace simplicial sets in our directed world.

Definition (Cubical set)

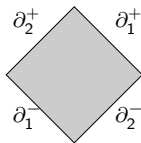
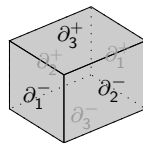
Collection of:

- sets K_n “ n -dimensional cubes”
- *forward* ∂_i^+ and *backward* ∂_i^- face maps : $K_n \rightarrow K_{n-1}$
- degeneracies $s_i: K_{n-1} \rightarrow K_n$

satisfying:

$$\begin{aligned} \partial_i^\alpha \partial_j^\beta &= \partial_{j-1}^\beta \partial_i^\alpha & (i < j) \\ s_i \partial_j^\beta &= \partial_{j+1}^\beta s_i & (i \leq j) \end{aligned} \quad \partial_i^\alpha s_j = \begin{cases} s_{j-1} \partial_i^\alpha & (i < j) \\ \text{id} & (i = j) \\ s_j \partial_{i-1}^\alpha & (i > j) \end{cases}$$

Geometric intuition

 $n = 0$  $n = 1$  $n = 2$  $n = 3$ 

Geometric realization

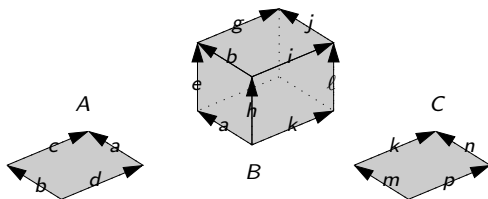
Definition (Geometric realization functor $\mathbf{Geom}: \mathbf{Cub} \rightarrow \mathbf{Prestr}$)

$\mathbf{Geom}((K_n)_n, (\partial_n^\alpha)_{\alpha,n}, (s_n)_n) = (\coprod_n K_n \cdot [0, 1]^n) / \equiv$ where:

$$(a, (x_1, \dots, 1, \dots, x_n)) \equiv (\partial_i^+ a, (x_1, \dots, x_n))$$

$$(a, (x_1, \dots, 0, \dots, x_n)) \equiv (\partial_i^- a, (x_1, \dots, x_n))$$

$$(a, (x_1, \dots, \hat{x}_i, \dots, x_n)) \equiv (s_i a, (x_1, \dots, x_{n+1}))$$



Geometric realization

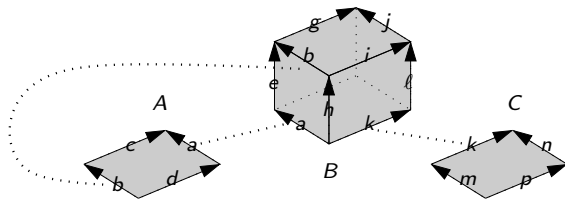
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Geometric realization

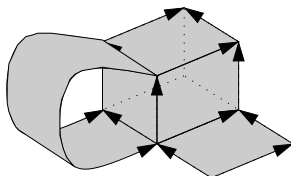
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All is well

Conversely, there is a *singular cube* functor **Sing**: **Prestr** \rightarrow **Cub**.

Sing(\mathcal{X}) = $((K_n)_n, (\partial_n^\alpha)_{\alpha,n}, (s_n)_n)$ where:

- $K_n = \{\text{prestream morphisms } \gamma: ([0, 1]^n, \leq) \rightarrow \mathcal{X}\}$
- $\partial_i^+ \gamma: (x_1, \dots, x_n) \mapsto \gamma(x_1, \dots, 1, \dots, x_n)$
- $\partial_i^- \gamma: (x_1, \dots, x_n) \mapsto \gamma(x_1, \dots, 0, \dots, x_n)$
- $s_i \gamma: (x_1, \dots, x_n) \mapsto \gamma(x_1, \dots, \hat{x}_i, \dots, x_n)$

Theorem

Geom is left adjoint to **Sing**

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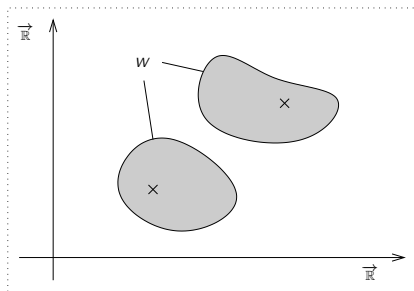
The issue with prestreams

Binary products in **Prestr** are *weird*.

Lemma

$(X, (\sqsubseteq_U)_{U \in \mathcal{O}(X)}) \times (Y, (\preceq_V)_{V \in \mathcal{O}(Y)})$ is $X \times Y$ with precirculation:

$$(x, y) \leq_W (x', y') \text{ iff } x \sqsubseteq_{\pi_1[W]} x' \text{ and } y \preceq_{\pi_2[W]} y'$$



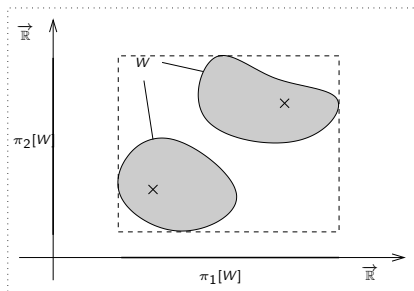
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$$(x, y) \leq_W (x', y') \text{ iff } x \sqsubseteq_{\pi_1[W]} x' \text{ and } y \preceq_{\pi_2[W]} y'$$



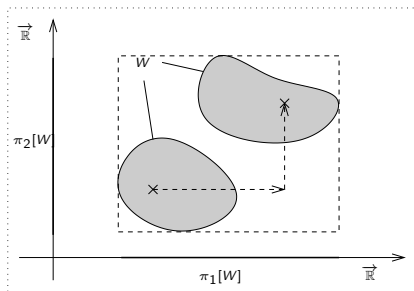
The issue with prestreams

Binary products in **Prestr** are *weird*.

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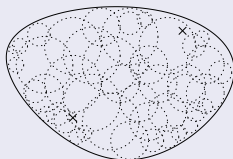


Streams

Definition (One-step cosheafification)

For $\mathcal{X} = (X, (\sqsubseteq_U)_{U \in \mathcal{O}(X)})$, $Sh^1(\mathcal{X}) = (X, (\widehat{\sqsubseteq}_U)_{U \in \mathcal{O}(X)})$ where:

$x \widehat{\sqsubseteq}_U y$ iff
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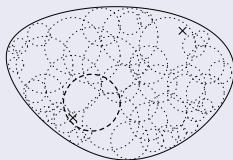


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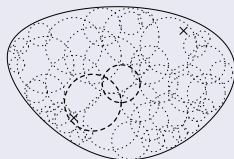


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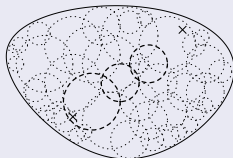


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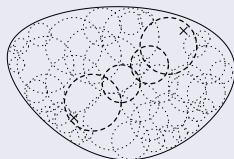


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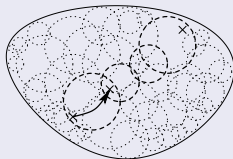


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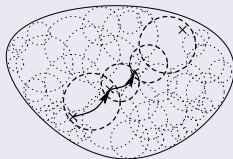


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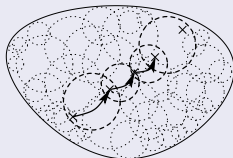


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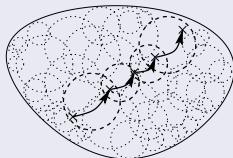


Streams

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Note: $Sh^1(\mathcal{X})$ always finer than \mathcal{X} on X .

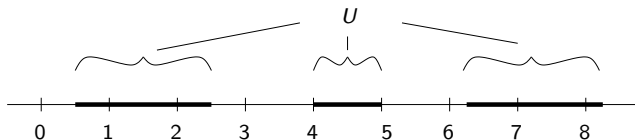
Definition (Stream)

\mathcal{X} stream iff $Sh^1(\mathcal{X}) = \mathcal{X}$

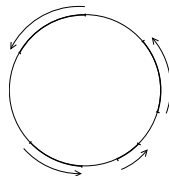
Defines a full subcategory **Str** of **Prestr**.

Paradigmatic examples

- *Not* preordered spaces in general, but their cosheafification OK (see next slide)
- $\vec{\mathbb{R}} = \text{cosheafification of } (\mathbb{R}, \leq)$:



- $\vec{S}^1 = \vec{\mathbb{R}} / \mathbb{Z}$



Cosheafification

Make a stream out of a prestream \mathcal{X} : Refine

$$\mathcal{X} \rightarrow Sh^1(\mathcal{X}) \rightarrow Sh^1(Sh^1(\mathcal{X})) \rightarrow \dots$$

Iterate Sh^1 transfinitely (!),

\Rightarrow obtain $Sh^\infty(\mathcal{X})$, coarsest stream finer than \mathcal{X} .

Definition

$Sh^\infty(\mathcal{X})$ is the *cosheafification* of \mathcal{X} .

Yuck.

Str is nice (but complex?)

Theorem

Str is cocomplete: has all colimits,
and they are computed just as in **Prestr**.

Good!

Str is nice (but complex?)

Theorem

Str is cocomplete: has all colimits,
and they are computed just as in **Prestr**.

Good!

Theorem

Str is complete: has all limits...
which are cosheafifications of the corresponding limits in **Prestr**.

Yuck.

All this follows from: Sh^∞ coreflects **Prestr** onto **Str**.

Understanding stream products

Still, some limits can be made simpler:

Proposition

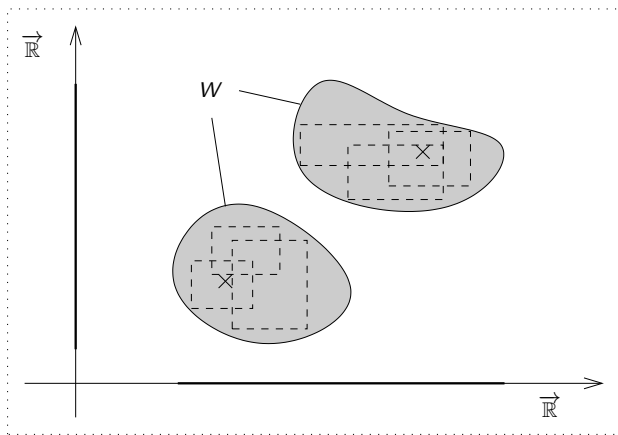
The product of two streams \mathcal{X}, \mathcal{Y} is $Sh^1(\mathcal{X} \times \mathcal{Y})$

I.e., take prestream product
then *one-step* cosheafification (not Sh^∞).

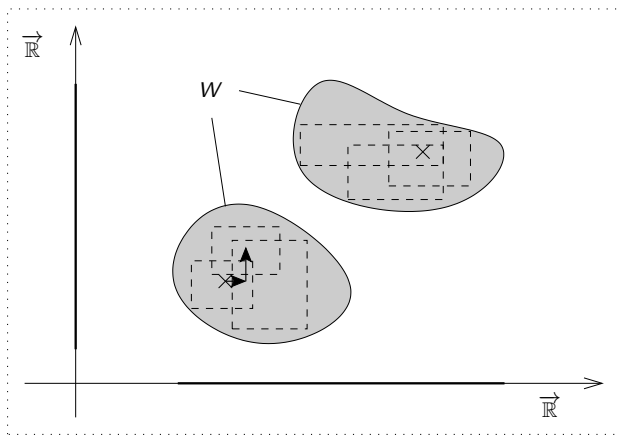
In fact, binary products are particularly nice (see next slide).

(explaining substreams [equalizers] seems almost hopeless)

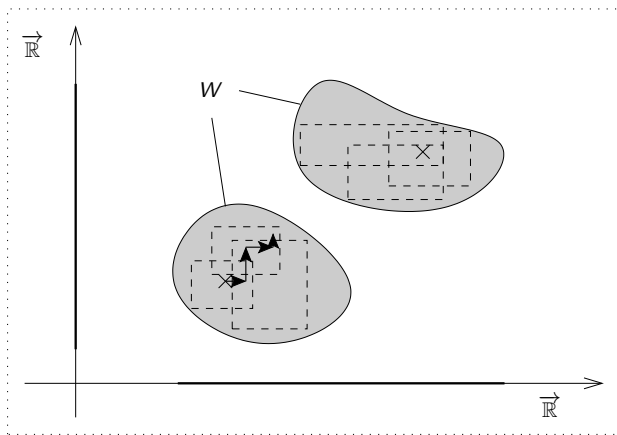
Stream products



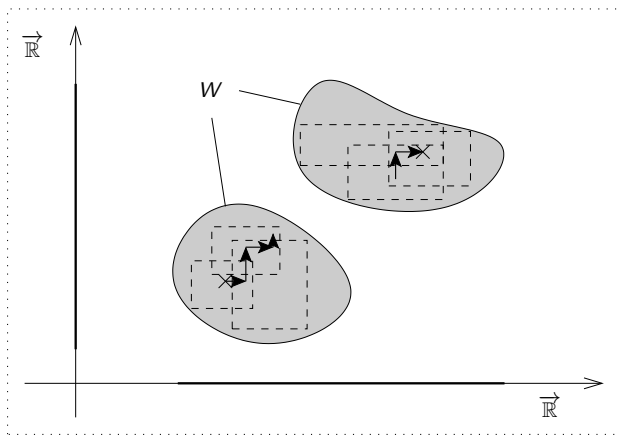
Stream products



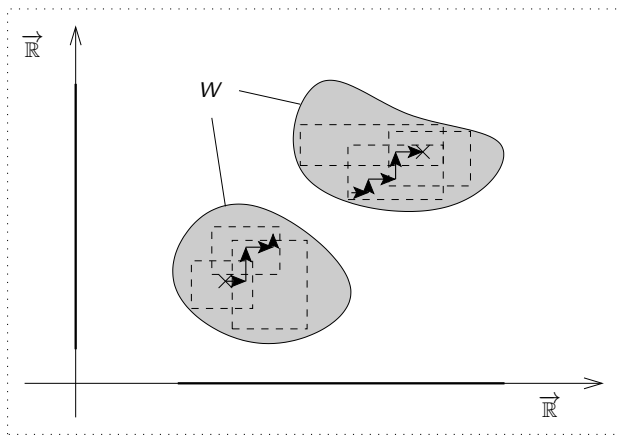
Stream products



Stream products



Stream products



Geometric realization revisited

As with prestreams... only replace $[0, 1]^n$ by $\overrightarrow{[0, 1]}^n$

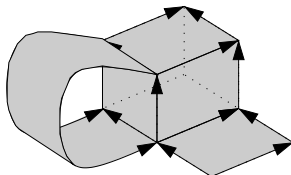
Definition (Geometric realization functor $\mathbf{Geom}: \mathbf{Cub} \rightarrow \mathbf{Str}$)

$\mathbf{Geom}((K_n)_n, (\partial_n^\alpha)_{\alpha,n}, (s_n)_n) = (\coprod_n K_n \cdot \overrightarrow{[0, 1]}^n) / \equiv$ where:

$$(a, (x_1, \dots, 1, \dots, x_n)) \equiv (\partial_i^+ a, (x_1, \dots, x_n))$$

$$(a, (x_1, \dots, 0, \dots, x_n)) \equiv (\partial_i^- a, (x_1, \dots, x_n))$$

$$(a, (x_1, \dots, \hat{x}_i, \dots, x_n)) \equiv (s_i a, (x_1, \dots, x_{n+1}))$$



All is well

Conversely, there is a *singular cube* functor **Sing**: **Str** → **Cub**.

Sing(\mathcal{X}) = $((K_n)_n, (\partial_n^\alpha)_{\alpha,n}, (s_n)_n)$ where:

- $K_n = \{\text{prestream morphisms } \gamma: \overrightarrow{[0, 1]^n} \rightarrow \mathcal{X}\}$
- $\partial_i^+ \gamma: (x_1, \dots, x_n) \mapsto \gamma(x_1, \dots, 1, \dots, x_n)$
- $\partial_i^- \gamma: (x_1, \dots, x_n) \mapsto \gamma(x_1, \dots, 0, \dots, x_n)$
- $s_i \gamma: (x_1, \dots, x_n) \mapsto \gamma(x_1, \dots, \hat{x}_i, \dots, x_n)$

Theorem

Geom is left adjoint to **Sing**

Only the beginning of the theory... much remains to be done

Outline

- 1 Directed algebraic topology
 - Space, plus time
 - Concurrent processes
- 2 Prestreams
 - Prestreams
 - Quotients, colimits, glueing
 - Geometric realization
- 3 Streams
 - The issue with prestreams
 - Streams
 - Stream products
 - Geometric realization
- 4 Conclusion

Conclusion

- Streams are a (the?) *right* model for space+(cyclic) **time**
- Other nice model: Grandis's d-spaces. . .
 - close to streams: adjunction [Haucourt 09]
 - . . . restricting to an equivalence \Rightarrow *Haucourt streams*
- Agenda: adapt whatever can be from (undirected) algebraic topology
 - Seems much harder than expected
 - E.g., van Kampen is hard [Goubault, Haucourt 07]
 - My own current itch (with E. Goubault, J. Dubut):
good theories of directed homology